## Roman Key Card Blackwood (RKCB)

A 4NT Bid asks partner for their number of "key" cards (Aces + the King of trump $=5$ total)
Main Purpose: To avoid bidding a slam when you have two quick losers

Notes about using Blackwood:

- Assumes the trump suit is established (and there is no confusion whether NT or Suit)
- Assumes you are fairly confident you have the winners for slam but need to check losers.
- Try to avoid RKCB when you have a void or a worthless doubleton in an unbid suit.
- If you can get information on Aces by cue bidding then do so before starting Blackwood.
- Be very confident of slam when using RKCB with clubs (If partner has zero you'll be at 6 \&)

Responses to 4NT (using 1430 system - "fourteen-thirty")

| 5 - | One or Four Key Cards (14 from the mnemonic "fourteen-thirty") |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 - | Three or Zero Key Cards (30 from the mnemonic "fourteen-thirty") |
| 5 | Two (or Five) Key Cards without the Queen of trump |
| 5 NT $^{*}$ | Two (or Five) Key Cards with the Queen of trump |
| 6 Void $^{*}$ | Even number of Key Cards \& a void |
| 6 Trump $^{*}$ | Odd number of Key Cards \& void suit ranks below trump suit. |

* Don't use void-showing bids unless you are a master level player in a very experienced partnership

Rebids by 4NT bidder after partner response

| 5 of your trump suit | Signoff - partner should pass |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 of next highest nontrump suit* | Asks if partner has the trump Queen <br> - Bid Trump Suit = Don't have trump Queen <br> - Bid a non-trump suit = Have the Queen \& King in suit bid. <br> - Bid 5NT = Have the Queen but no other non-trump Kings |
| 5 NT | Asks partner to bid cheapest non-trump king |
| 6 or 7 of your trump suit | Signoff - Responder should Pass |

* Don't use queen-ask bids unless you are an intermediate level player in an experienced partnership

Other Variations - be sure to ask your partner

- Some players use 3014 system that reverses the meaning of the 5 and 5
- Some players use 5 NT to ask \# of kings ( $6 \mathbf{\&}=0,6=1$, etc.) rather than cheapest king

QUIZ:

| Opener | Responder |
| :--- | :--- |
| K | A655 |
| AQ10754 | K632 |
| A5 | K66 |
| AQ54 | S 932 |

## Bidding

Opener Responder

| 1 P | 3 | (10-12 points $\& 4$ hearts) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $4 N T$ | $\# 1$ |  |
| $\# 2$ | $\# 3$ |  |

\#4

Questions:

1) Looking just at the Opener hand - after responder bids 3 hearts
a) How many points does your team have?
b) How many hearts does your team have?
2) What is responder bid \#1 and what does it tell the opener? How many key cards is partnership missing?
3) What is opener bid \#2 and what does it ask of the responder?
4) What is responder bid \#3 and what does it tell the opener?
5) What is opener bid \#4 and what does it ask of the responder?
6) If responder had a different hand and replied 5 \& on bid \#3 then what would you as opener bid for \#4? Why?

Your Hand:
AK Q 1074
You open $1 \boldsymbol{\Phi}$ and partner replies $3 \boldsymbol{\$}$ (limit raise $=4$ spades \& 10-12 points)

- 43
- KQ7
\& $A 4$

Questions:

1. How many high card points does your team have?
2. How many quick losers does your team have?
3. What is your next bid? - Note: some choices below aren't standard bidding
a. 4 (Cue bid asking partner to
b. bid their cheapest Ace - partner, do you have Aces?)
c. 4 (I have pretty good diamonds also - partner, do you have support in diamonds?)
d. 4 (We have $28-30$ points vs. 33 minimum for a slam $\& 3$ possible quick losers - so let's stop)
e. 4 NT (Blackwood asking for "key" cards). Partner, we can make 6 if you have enough key cards)
f. 5 (We are on the edge of slam. Partner, if you have a really good limit raise then go to $6 \boldsymbol{P}$ )
4. Why is that your best bid?
